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فلسف

Today SATURDAY
THE BIG OPENING
PANORAMA

JORDAN TIMES

An Independent Arab political daily published by the Jordan Press Foundation
جوردن تايمز يومية سياسية تصدر بالانجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاردنية «الراي»

U.S. recalls ambassador in Chile

WASHINGTON, June 23 (AP). — The U.S. State Department announced today it is recalling the U.S. Ambassador to Chile, George Landau, because of inadequate Chilean cooperation in the U.S. investigation into the 1976 car-bombing assassination of a former Chilean ambassador here. Department press officer John Trantner said the Chilean government "has not been forthcoming on important requests" from the United States. The action falls short of a break in diplomatic relations but is seen as a strong expression of U.S. displeasure concerning Chile's attitude toward the investigation of the death of former Ambassador Orlando Letelier.

AMMAN, SATURDAY, JUNE 24, 1978 — RAGAB 18, 1398

Price: Jordan 50 fils; Syria 50 piastres; Lebanon 75 piastres; Saudi Arabia 1 riyal; UAE 1 dirham; Great Britain 25 pence.

arkis appeals for
ity as Syria charges
S. plot in Lebanon

Lebanon, June 23 (R). — Lebanese President Elias Sarkis pleaded today for continued efforts to bring about a settlement of the conflict in Lebanon. In a speech last night in a speech, Sarkis said that the Lebanese government is committed to a policy of non-interference in the internal affairs of other states and to a policy of peaceful resolution of disputes. He also said that the Lebanese government is committed to a policy of non-alignment and to a policy of cooperation with the United Nations. Sarkis made his broad-based appeal for peace in a speech to the Lebanese people in the presence of a large number of officials and dignitaries. He said that the Lebanese government is committed to a policy of non-interference in the internal affairs of other states and to a policy of peaceful resolution of disputes. He also said that the Lebanese government is committed to a policy of non-alignment and to a policy of cooperation with the United Nations. Sarkis made his broad-based appeal for peace in a speech to the Lebanese people in the presence of a large number of officials and dignitaries. He said that the Lebanese government is committed to a policy of non-interference in the internal affairs of other states and to a policy of peaceful resolution of disputes. He also said that the Lebanese government is committed to a policy of non-alignment and to a policy of cooperation with the United Nations.



President Anwar Sadat (right) chats with Guinean President Ahmad Sekou Toure and Somali President Mohamed Siad Barre (first and second to the Egyptian president's right) during their trip to Egypt. (AP wirephoto)

Sadat to dispatch envoys to Europe, Somalia after three-way summit

CAIRO, June 23 (AP). — President Anwar Sadat announced last night that he is sending his vice president to a diplomatic mission to West Europe, capitals and his war minister to look at the situation in Somalia. Sadat said he was willing to have Egypt attend any Arab summit conference regardless of the time or place. Egypt severed diplomatic relations with Iraq, Algeria, Syria, Libya, and South Yemen last Dec. 5 after those states agreed in a summit meeting in Tripoli, Libya, to "freeze" relations with Egypt.

SHAZLI CHALLENGES SADAT TO DEBATE

BAGHDAD, June 23 (AP). — Gen. Sa'ed Shazli, a former Egyptian army chief recently fired as ambassador to Portugal, challenged President Anwar Sadat through a newspaper interview Friday to a public debate, to determine who is telling the truth. But the confrontation should be supervised "by a pan-Arab or international committee," Gen. Shazli added in his interview with the weekly Al Ummal. Gen. Shazli said that during the debate he would confront President Sadat about the "real facts" that allowed Israel during the 1973 war to cross over to the west bank of the Suez Canal and encircle an Egyptian division.

Joint Egyptian-Guinean communiqué

Egypt and Guinea said today the Middle East problem could not be solved without Israel's withdrawal from the Arab territories occupied in 1967 and the restoration of the legitimate rights of the Palestinian people. This was stated in a joint communiqué issued at the end of talks here between Presidents Sadat and Sekou Toure and released by Egypt's official Middle East News Agency. The two leaders expressed deep concern over the situation in the Horn of Africa and "strongly condemned all foreign intervention in Africa," the communiqué said.

U.S.-Israel clash in the offing as Begin aides voice protests

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM, June 23 (R). — Israel and the United States today appeared to be heading for a new clash over the way to Middle East peace, with Israeli officials charging that Washington was adopting an increasingly "pro-Arab" line.

"The entire Middle East peace process could be endangered by Washington's increasingly blatant pro-Arab policy," an official in Prime Minister Menachem Begin's office told Reuters. "We are increasingly asking ourselves whether the Americans can continue to act as an objective mediator in the Middle East dispute."

Despite the Israeli blast at Washington, behind-the-scenes moves were apparently going on for a meeting bringing together U.S. Secretary of State Cyrus Vance and the Israeli and Egyptian foreign ministers.

A foreign ministry official said such a meeting may be held in London next month to discuss the possibility of reviving the stalled peace talks. In London, British Foreign Office officials said that so far they had not been approached about any meeting. Israeli officials have been irritated by what one described as "the flow of Washington statements handing out grades to us and the Egyptians." They were particularly annoyed by President Carter praising Egypt for what he said was its moderate reaction to Israeli answers on questions put by the Americans concerning the future of the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip. President Carter had earlier criticized the Israeli cabinet response to the questions after the State Department termed the answers inadequate. The official in the prime minister's office said the American questions were accompanied by answers which Washington would have liked to receive. "Our government did not feel the suggested answers were in the best interests of Israel and our replies were different," the official said. The official added: "Many ministers resented the American-dictated answers and this may well have been reflected in the cabinet vote."

Vance plans to meet Dayan, Kamel soon

WASHINGTON, June 23 (R). — U.S. Secretary of State Cyrus Vance is hoping to meet the Egyptian and Israeli foreign ministers in Europe next month for a new round of Middle East peace negotiations, officials said today. The officials said Mr. Vance's travel plans were not definite and said no announcement was expected before Monday.

In occupied Jerusalem, a Foreign Ministry official said such a meeting might be held in London next month, but the officials here said nothing had been decided on a possible venue. The officials said the current thinking was for Mr. Vance to leave Washington on or shortly after July 6 for the meeting with Israeli Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan and Egyptian Foreign Minister Mohammad Kamel. Depending on the results of the talks with the Israeli and Egyptian ministers, either Mr. Vance or special envoy Alfred Atherton might visit the Middle East shortly afterwards, the officials said.

Abba Eban: Sadat's initiative is to Israel's credit

GENEVA, June 23 (AP). — Former Israeli Foreign Minister Abba Eban said today President Anwar Sadat's peace initiative last year really was the result of Israel's strength and her policy. "My feeling is that he came to Jerusalem, not in order to make things easier for us, but to make things easier for himself," Eban told a news conference. He was invited to Geneva by the Swiss-Israeli association promoting friendship between the two countries and planned to leave again Friday. Mr. Eban said one reason for Sadat's Jerusalem visit was that he wanted to ease "the immense intensity of the economic and social predicament in Egypt."

Editorial comment:
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Prince Fahd, W. German leaders reach broad understanding

SAUDI ARABIA, June 23 (AP). — Saudi Crown Prince Fahd Ibn Abdulaziz today flew to Berlin at the end of a three-day visit to West Germany in which he and Bonn officials said they reached a broad understanding on a number of issues. The Saudi and West German governments agreed to keep in touch, close about all national economic and political questions, Chancellor Helmut Schmidt said at a news conference. Prince Fahd said the visit of the Saudi leader strengthened his conviction that Saudi Arabia is a vital contribution to the stability of the Middle East, the Arab world and the world economy. Prince Fahd said West Germany and Saudi Arabia were in agreement that it was necessary for the Palestinians to return to their homeland and that they had a right to found their own state. Schmidt said his government still supported President Anwar Sadat's peace initiative of last December, but that "the Israeli answer to this step, however, so far has been insufficient."

World News Roundup...

Mobutu says he holds Cuban prisoners

REVELLE, Gabon, June 23 (R). — Zaire's President Mobutu Sese Seko Kibangu Ngbendu said today he is holding Cuban prisoners. He said that the Cubans were involved in last month's invasion of Zaire's Shaba province by rebel forces. President Mobutu was returning from a visit to the United States today before returning to Zaire. He said the Cuban prisoners included a man named as a corporal but who was in reality a political commissar with the Cuban armed forces. He invited Gabonese journalists to go to Kinshasa to see them. The president added that officials from two unnamed north African countries had also taken part in the Shaba fighting on the rebel side.

Juan Carlos ends Baghdad visit

SHADAD, June 23 (R). — King Juan Carlos and Queen Sofia of Spain left for home today after a two-day official visit during which the monarch had talks on consolidating relations with Iraq. A meeting last night with President Bakr, the King described the visit as a factor in the development of bilateral relations, and affirmed Spain's attitudes towards the Arabs and their "just legal struggle." "Peace in the Middle East could only be achieved when the full rights of the Palestinian people are recognized," King Juan Carlos was quoted as saying.

Qadhafi continues East European tour

DAPEST, June 23 (R). — Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi arrived today from Prague on the third stop of a tour of Eastern Europe. Col. Qadhafi, who was greeted at Budapest airport by Hungarian President Pal Losonczi, is scheduled to have official talks with Hungarian Communist Party leader Janos Kadar at the weekend. Before leaving Prague, the Libyan leader held a final round of talks with Czechoslovak President Gustav Husak on international and bilateral issues. In a joint communiqué the two leaders said they were "disturbed at the dangerous changes in the policy of the United States recently, at the strengthening of rearmament by NATO ... and at continuous attempts at interfering in internal affairs of other states." Col. Qadhafi, who visited Bulgaria earlier this week, is scheduled to fly on to Warsaw on Monday.

Incoming military governor of West Bank gives new, softer face to Israeli occupation

NABLUS, OCCUPIED WEST BANK, June 23 (R). — Arab leaders on the West Bank have eagerly welcomed the conciliatory new face of Israeli occupation but reject it as the basis for any permanent way of peace. No prominent Arab has so far been heard to accept the proposition, expounded by Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan on Monday, that the West Bank and Gaza remain permanently under Israeli military control. And there is widespread disquiet over Mr. Dayan's suggestion that after a five-year trial period Arabs would be so pleased with limited self-rule under the scrutiny of Israeli soldiers that they would opt for it as a permanent way of life. "No people in the world," Mayor Bassam Al Shak'a of Nablus told Reuters, "would willingly live under the domination of foreign troops." Nevertheless, Mayor Al Shak'a and other notables of this strongly nationalist West Bank town are pleased at the milder turn taken lately in the conduct of occupation forces. "We hope Israeli troops will no more bust into schools and beat up teachers and will not during demonstrations force Arab drivers to take their cars down streets where stones are flying."

Israeli spokesmen on the West Bank, frequently difficult to reach for comment, have consistently denied ill-treatment. The school teargassing incident was denied until an Israeli press investigation forced it into the open. The new soft-line approach was endorsed last Tuesday during a visit to the West Bank by Defence Minister Ezer Weizman. He promised wholesale concessions, including the lifting of a longstanding Israeli ban on the purchase by Nablus town council of new electricity generators from abroad. The council had declined to book its faltering power system into the Israeli grid for fear of future dependence. Mr. Weizman appeared to have made a favourable impression on West Bank leaders, especially after his stand inside the cabinet last week against the hardline policy of Prime Minister Menachem Begin towards occupied Arab lands. "I hope he will make things better," Mayor Al Shak'a said. "Until now the Israelis have come at us all squared up for a boxing match. This should change."

A prominent textile merchant, Hatem Faizi said: "We like Weizman. He looks like a man we could work with. But he'll never make us swallow the self-rule policy. It would simply mean exchanging a civil governor for a military one."

Like most of the Arabs who spoke, Mr. Faizi insisted that peace could come only through a Palestinian state on the West Bank. Dr. Hattem Abu Gaza'h, a surgeon-general practitioner and one of the most prominent Palestinian leaders on the West Bank, also said Arabs would never cooperate with the partial self-rule policy. Dr. Gaza'leh said he was very glad about the Israeli cabinet's rebuff to the United States last Sunday and its refusal to consider any new status for the West Bank and Gaza.

"We are no longer facing a false policy which, under Israel's Labour Party leaders, put us under de facto annexation in the name of peace," Dr. Gaza'leh said. "We always had to struggle to convince world opinion that the so-called benign occupation was in fact a malign occupation. Now, Begin and Dayan are showing the true face of Israeli policy which is annexation and annihilation of the Palestinian national identity."

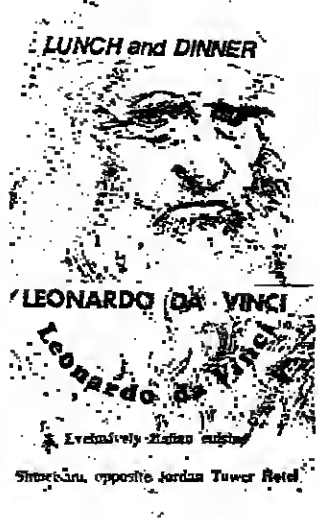
"So our cause is now stronger and our victory closer." A leading Nablus businessman, Hafiz Tuqan, challenged the Israeli concept of gaining security through territory. "These days weapons can reach even across the Pacific Ocean," Mr. Tuqan said. "Terrorism does not keep danger at bay. Even the locusts show us that."

"The reason that brought Anwar Sadat to Israel has its roots in the policy and reality of Israel over the past four or five years," Eban added. He dismissed recent reports that Sadat's position as president was wavering. "I think he will maintain it. His position now is much stronger as a result of his initiative. He has nothing to lose and everything to gain," Eban explained. "Even in the absence of a peace agreement Anwar Sadat certainly gained in world opinion," the former foreign minister said.

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Leonardo da Vinci
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JORDAN TIMES

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Initial studies for modernisation of central post office completed; plans to proceed with stage two ready

By Alan Martiny
Special to the Jordan Times

The ministry is now planning to proceed with the second stage which amounts to studying designs for the new building and equipment.

that the present building, located downtown on Prince Mohammad Street is unfit to face the increasing load of mail. Also the extension and opening of new post offices in Amman and other parts of Jordan have left the postal system badly in need of developing better services.

With the new building and automated equipment it is expected the post office will be able to deliver mail faster, and extend and improve existing services, such as making more post boxes available.

With automation the post office will need a smaller staff but workers will have to be more qualified and experienced.

The present postal exchange will continue to function as a normal post office, once the move has taken place. Only mail sorting will be moved to Abdali.

Amman, June 15 — The preliminary studies for the first stage of a plan to modernise the Amman central post office have been completed, Mr. Faris Al Sarayreh, Under-secretary at the Ministry of Communications, told the Jordan Times in a recent interview.

Mr. Al Sarayreh indicated that the new building will be very modern and the ministry is seeking the most up-to-date equipment available. An international tender for the second stage will soon be prepared and announced, he said.

The first stage of the plan was to analyse the site for construction. Mr. Al Sarayreh said the ministry has a 3.5 dunum plot of land at Abdali where the new main exchange office will be located.

The third and final stage of the plan will begin with the erecting of the building and installation of the mechanical equipment.

"We expect the whole project to take around three years," Mr. Al Sarayreh said.

The reason behind the project, according to the under-secretary, is

The British consultants have completed their study and have submitted a report to the ministry, Mr. Al Sarayreh said.

Moroccan marketing office head arrives for talks

AMMAN, June 22 (JNA). — Moroccan Marketing and Exportation Office Director Abdallah Al Jald arrived here this evening on a three-day visit during which he will hold talks with Jordanian officials on the establishment of a Jordanian-Moroccan marketing company, with Amman as its headquarters, to market Jordanian products in Europe and Africa and for marketing Moroccan products in the Arabian Gulf.

Mr. Al Jald was received at the airport by Ministry of Industry and Commerce Under-secretary Hashem Dabbas and the Moroccan ambassador to Jordan.

Czech trade ministry official arrives to finalise agreement

AMMAN, June 23 (JNA). — The assistant secretary at the Czechoslovak Ministry of Industry and Commerce arrived in Amman this evening for a short visit. An official Czech trade delegation, which arrived here Wednesday, has been conducting talks with officials at the Ministry of Industry and Commerce here on a formula for a bilateral trade agreement. The Czech assistant secretary is expected to sign the agreement on Saturday. He was met at the airport today by Ministry of Industry and Commerce Under-secretary Hashem Dabbas and the Czech ambassador to Jordan.

Kurt Waldheim receives memorandum on Israeli violations of holy site

NEW YORK, June (JNA). — Jordan's permanent representatives at the United Nations Dr. Hazem Nusabnah today met U.N. Secretary General Kurt

Waldheim and handed him a memorandum on the Israeli violation of the sanctity of the wall of the Holy Haram in Jerusalem.

Underlying hostility pervades recent history of Arab people

The Arabs: Their history, aims and challenge to the industrialised world.

By Thomas Kiernan, New York 1975, Abacus edition 1978, London, 558pp.

By Lee S. Tesdell
Special to the Jordan Times

Amman — The author has taken on a huge task but leaves the discriminating reader disappointed as to the result. In the forward, the author quotes a friend, "All I would hope is that you let America see the Arab people as we are." This reviewer would expect that the friend would not be pleased with the image Mr. Kiernan has drawn for the American people.

The book is readable and interesting, but exposes a basic ignorance by the author for his subject. It could be read as an exercise in criticism, therefore, and not as the last word on the subject. Although some reviewers acclaim the author's objectivity, the cautious reader finds an underlying hostility to Arab culture revealing itself at certain points.

Each of the four chapters have been divided between excerpts from the author's five month journal of Middle East travel and background sections. Topics covered vary from condensed history to interviews with Arab leaders.

On page 33 of the prologue the reader finds an example of the author's supposed objectivity. After witnessing the terrible reality of an Israeli phosphorus bomb raid in south Lebanon and the subsequent killing of a horribly maimed child by an old man, the author comments on, "this lack of any reverence for human life — among themselves," saying that "Arab cruelty" is "institutionalised. It expresses itself indifferently, impersonally, without any apparent meditation or premeditation. It's reflexive, automatic." Sweeping generalisations such as these have no place in a serious study of Arab culture.

On page 208 we find information about "the Ottoman Yoke". The author tells us that "The Turkish cultural and political structure was based on the same kind of autocratic feudalism — albeit Eastern in character — of which Europe was in the process of ridding itself." And on the next page, "Turkish became the cultivated language of Islam, spreading

itself indifferently, impersonally, without any apparent meditation or premeditation. It's reflexive, automatic." Sweeping generalisations such as these have no place in a serious study of Arab culture.

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BOOKS

out from Anatolia and forcing Arabic back into the deserts of the south and west where it fell into disuse."

Either of these statements would be enough to make historians of Middle East history roll over in their graves. A claim that European feudalism and Ottoman social organisation were based on the same principles is indefensible, just as is the claim that Turkish took precedent over Arabic as the language of Islam.

Are we to believe that all Moslems began speaking Turkish? Perhaps the author does not know that the Moslem world at that time stretched from the

Atlantic Ocean to India and beyond. Surely the author does not want to believe that Arabic "fell into disuse" in the deserts. One would expect the Turkish was the most acceptable language among the upper classes that desert would be the last place Arabic had fallen into "disuse".

Several pages later we read that the period of the early sixteenth century in Egypt Arab culture regressed to what it had been in pre-Islamic times... This will come as a surprise to historians of the period.

New terminology appears on page 388. Has anyone heard of "Palestine Israel"?

The author's conclusion is that ultimately peace will come only with American-Russian military confrontation and a subsequent imposed peace plan, as if the people who live in the area are mere puppets of outside forces. As the reader turns the final page of this book, he or she hopes that the Arab people have and will have better historians than Thomas Kiernan.

This book is available in Amman bookshops.

Abba Eban is at it again

It is not without a sense of nostalgia that we note that Mr. Abba Eban, that erstwhile logical contortionist and semantic prestidigitator, is back in his old element again.

Mr. Eban, who was Israel's foreign minister for what may have been a record length of time, had made it his specialty to portray Israel as being in the right — regardless of the facts of the case — in a manner that was as cynical as it was amoral.

Although Mr. Eban has not sunk to his old depths yet — partly because world public opinion is not as naive as it used to be regarding the Arab-Israeli dispute — he seems to be experimenting with the old magic, on a small scale, perhaps just to see if he still has the knack.

To say, as Mr. Eban has done at a news conference in Geneva, that President Sadat came to Jerusalem "not in order to make things easier for us, but to make things easier for himself," is a way of telling the truth so as to make the other side look bad.

It goes without saying that nations seek peace not for the sake of their enemies but for their own sake. But to turn things around and cast Sadat in a bad light for seeking peace because his motives are what they should be — and still sound as though one is making a legitimate criticism — is a clever stroke that is worthy or unworthy, depending how one sees it, of the old cynic.

Also, to harp on the fact that Israel's military strength helped her win acceptance in the region and motivated Mr. Sadat to make his historic visit is one thing, but to stop there and forget the implications of this fact, is quite another.

If Israel's purpose was indeed to win acceptance, then it should be eager to reciprocate Mr. Sadat's initiative in a meaningful way. Israel must now demonstrate that it wants peace, for its own good, for the sake of its own people and for the sake of its own national economy and so that it too may escape the debilitating expenditure on constant military preparedness. What applies to Egypt applies to Israel as well. Only Mr. Eban seems to be saying, by innuendo, that it does not.

At the same time, the former foreign minister wants us to believe that what brought Sadat to Jerusalem was Israel's policy over the past four or five years, thus suggesting that Israel has been doing the right thing all along. Yet Mr. Eban himself is quite well aware that Israel's policy over the past four or five years has not been constant, under the Labour government it was wavering and undecided, and Mr. Eban himself has attacked Begin for the conduct of his end of it. What Mr. Eban is saying now is a pile of rubbish.

One major failing of Mr. Eban throughout his career is that he often confused foreign policy with rhetoric. Perhaps the time has come for him to be honest with himself, if he has the interest of the people of Israel at heart — we do not ask him to do it for the people of Egypt.

ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

AL DUSTOUR's editorial Friday said that in a recent statement to the New York Times Chief of the Royal Hashemite Court Sharif Abdul Hamid Sharaf epitomised Jordan's stand clearly and objectively when he said: "Our position is very simple. We want Israel to withdraw from the occupied Arab areas and the Palestinian people to determine their own future. If they wanted a state for themselves or if they wished to join us in a federation or complete unity, we would be ready for it. We are not prepared to accept a peaceful settlement unless Israel withdraws."

Thus, the newspaper adds, Sharif Abdul Hamid underscored two vital facts on which Jordan's position stands: First, Jordan does not offer itself as a substitute for the Palestinians who must determine their own future and Jordan is ready to accept their decision on the matter. Second, Israel's withdrawal is a basic condition for Jordan to accept a peaceful settlement and there is no point in a discussion that is not based on withdrawal.

Sharif Abdul Hamid's statement comes in time to cut short the prejudicial Israeli campaign — of which Moshe Dayan was a leading conductor — that seeks to portray Jordan before world opinion as taking a negative stand towards peace efforts, Al Dustour says.

WHAT'S GOING ON

Exhibit

"Britain and the world Islam" exhibit ends today at the British Council. The exhibit is open from 9:00 a.m.-1:00 p.m. and 4:00-6:00 p.m.

Photo Exhibit

The photo exhibit by Ann Wiegand continues till Monday, June 26, at the Palace of Culture lobby. Open from 10:00 a.m.-1:00 p.m. and 4:00 p.m.-7:00 p.m.

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government puts stress on industrial development project

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Non-aligned countries fear rift over Cuba

With President Castro due to take over leadership of the 85 non-aligned countries next year, disquiet among members over Cuba's role in Africa is growing and could erupt at a crucial summit meeting of foreign ministers in Belgrade from July 24-29.

By Peter Lang

VIENNA, (WFS)—Statements made recently by the foreign ministers of Yugoslavia and India, two of the founding countries of the non-aligned movement, point to severe behind-the-scenes anxiety about the future unity of the movement, especially after

Cuba succeeds to the presidency at next year's non-aligned summit in Havana.

Milos Minic, Yugoslav Foreign Secretary, who recently toured Ethiopia, Somalia and Sudan, spoke on his return of pressures on the movement and the serious problems and dif-

ficulties confronting it. "At the same time a respected Yugoslav political commentator referred directly to the conflict between Ethiopia and Somalia as 'a shadow cast on the unity of the non-aligned movement'."

Meanwhile the Indian Minister of External Affairs, A.B. Vajpayee, has expressed fear that the disputes in the Horn of Africa and in the western Sahara among Morocco, Algeria and Mauritania might pose a threat to unity among non-aligned countries.

Anxiety over Cuba

The main source of embarrassment and anxiety is Cuba and the continuing

involvement of her forces in Africa. Foreign ministers of the 85 non-aligned countries are scheduled to meet in Belgrade from 24-29 July for an important presummit exchange of views. Observers point to the agenda for the meeting as indication of the embarrassment. Though lengthy, it contains no reference to the Horn, although it includes a number of specific African subjects. There is speculation that the Horn and the related question of Cuban intervention are too delicate for open discussion for fear that a serious rift between the ministers could emerge.

It is generally thought that Sri Lanka, holding the presidency since the 1976 summit in Colombo, has done a good job in maintaining an even keel. But in addition to the public statement of concern over the future of the movement, informed sources disclose that a number of countries are privately expressing disquiet that under Cuba's presidency the movement could move away from the original concept of non-alignment envisaged by the three founder countries, India, Egypt and Yugoslavia.

They hark back to Cuba's successful opposition to a request by Romania to have observer status at the 1976 Colombo summit. There is a feeling that Havana was simply echoing Moscow's hostility to Bucharest.

They also recall Cuba's claim at the Colombo summit that as a result of events in Angola the non-aligned countries should regard the West as the main enemy and the Soviet Union as the main ally. In the event, the final declaration of the summit failed to

endorse this claim. Moreover, Cuba and Vietnam had to withdraw a proposal that the final declaration should call for an alliance with the communist countries.

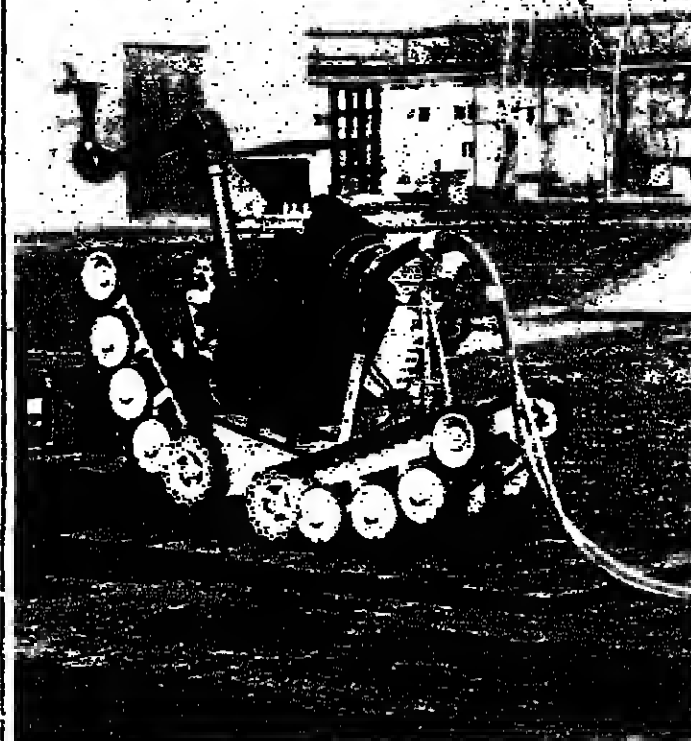
Cuba does, however, pull considerable weight in the non-aligned movement as can be seen from the recent meeting of the non-aligned bureau in Havana. Originally this meeting (which is largely administrative) was to be held in Kabul from 6-10 May. But the military coup in Afghanistan at the end of April torpedoed those plans. There were suggestions that the bureau should meet in New Delhi or the UN Headquarters in New York but, in the end, it was decided to hold the meeting in Havana.

Future mediating role

However, there is also speculation that President Castro might be moderating his country's role in the Horn of Africa in order to attract support for his aspiring leadership of the non-aligned countries. When Ethiopian leader, Col. Mengistu, visited Havana he conspicuously received no public undertaking from President Castro that Cuban troops would support the Ethiopian drive into rebel Eritrea in the same way as they did in the Ogaden war against Somalia.

Observers interpret this apparent moderation as an attempt by President Castro to fashion a possible future role for himself as mediator between the Ethiopians and Eritreans should a negotiated peace seem likely. He is also escaping damaging disapproval from other non-aligned countries for fighting the Eritreans.

Robot joins Bonn's nuclear fire brigade



This new robot commissioned for use by the nuclear 'fire brigade' in the Federal Republic of Germany is as nimble as a snail. The MF 3 remote-controlled handling unit is the latest in a series of such devices designed and built at Karlsruhe nuclear research centre. The robot is designed for use in even the most cramped space and the tightest spot. It can climb stairs, scale ramps and manoeuvre its caterpillar joints so as to alter its height and length and extend the range of its handling gear to an amazing extent. It is fitted out with a range of standard equipment including two lightweight electric 'hands', two stereo T.V. cameras with adjustable lenses, two stereo microphones, a gamma radiation measuring device and an electric point where power tools can be plugged in. (Dad photo).

Boob-bashing on upswing in Hong Kong

HONG KONG, (AP). — Italian men are renowned for pinching bottoms but Hong Kong's hot-blooded counterparts are getting the more notorious reputation of being breast twerkers or "boob-bashers" as they are commonly called here.

A random poll carried out by the English-language newspaper The Star recently noted that 71 out of 100 women interviewed claimed they have been "boob-bashed" or pinched by men in public places at one time or another.

The poll was the result of a complaint by a shocked European woman, apparently a new-comer to Hong Kong on Radio Hong Kong's Open Line programme that she was elbowed in the breast by a man quite openly in a public place.

The comports of the show, Ralph Pixon, was immediately inundated with telephone calls by listeners trying to enlighten the woman that the practice was nothing new in this British colony.

According to the Star's poll, most attacks of boob-bashing occurred in crowded places such as in buses or trams and are invariably not reported to the police because of the victim's embarrassment.

Laser-guided missile scores direct hit



A Copperhead guided projectile homes on a laser-designated M-47 tank in a test at the White Sands Missile Range in New Mexico. Instead of a warhead, the cannot-launched 155-mm round carried a telemetry package to monitor and relay flight performance information. The weapon system, under development for the U.S. army, has scored direct hits on both stationary and moving targets. (IPS photo).



A Copperhead guided projectile homes on a laser-designated M-47 tank in a test at the White Sands Missile Range in New Mexico. Instead of a warhead, the cannot-launched 155-mm round carried a telemetry package to monitor and relay flight performance information. The weapon system, under development for the U.S. army, has scored direct hits on both stationary and moving targets. (IPS photo).

Dracula and his band of 10,000 rats get an unwelcome reception in Delft

Director Werner Herzog is having some problems filming what he hopes will be the greatest Dracula movie yet. Almost everything is going well on location except for one detail; the Burgermeister of Delft won't let Herzog release 10,000 live rats in the narrow streets of Delft.

By Nigel Andrews
The Financial Times Film Critic

Delft, Holland, (FT).—Dracula has risen again. Since F. W. Murnau's German silent classic Nosferatu introduced Bram Stoker's bloodsucking count to European filmgoers in 1922, scarcely a year has gone by in which Dracula has not loomed over audiences in some grisly incarnation or other, fangs bared and cloak spread bat-like around him.

He is in action again in 1978, this time terrorising the picturesque and historic Dutch town of Delft. Werner Herzog, one of the star directors of the New German cinema, is shooting the film and he has gone back to Murnau's original not only in the shape (and the allegorical implications) of the story.

"Nosferatu is the most visionary of all German films," says Mr. Herzog. "It prophesied the rise of Nazism by showing the invasion of Germany by Dracula and his plague-bearing rats. And it gave a legitimacy to German cinema that was lost in the Hitler era. We are trying in the film to build a thin bridge back to that time, to legitimise our own cinema and culture."

For the first time in his career, Mr. Herzog is working with an international cast—Isabelle Adjani, Klaus Kinski, Bruno Ganz—and has the backing of a major Hollywood studio, 20th Century Fox. The film is budgeted at more than \$800,000 and after five weeks of location shooting in Delft (posing as turn-of-the-century Weimar), the unit moves to Czechoslovakia for the three weeks of castles and Carpathian-style scenery.

Ironically, Mr. Herzog and his crew have found the greeting given them by the Delft authorities not much less hostile than that given Dracula Nosferatu in the film.

Filmgoers who remember the whirlpools of *Afuirre*, *Wrath of God* or the perilous sea journey of *Heart of Glass* will know that Herzog is nothing if not adventurous. He risks life and limb if necessary (his own as well as those of his willing crew) to capture a spectacular or authentic moment on film. Unfortunately his artistic bravado is not shared by the Burgermeister of Delft, who has declined to let him pour 10,000 rats through the town's narrow streets, even though

Herzog insists that the animals are all sterilised and recapturable.

Mr. Herzog is still battling to get the authorities to change their minds. BUT Delft stands firm. Deep down, one suspects, memories of a former German visitation may have coloured the town's feelings about this one.

Despite such obstacles, early shooting on the film has produced sequences that promise to be as visually stunning as anything of Herzog's since *Aguirre*. Delft's air of ossified period beauty, an embalmed rather than a living town, offers a perfect backdrop to this eerie tale of the undead.

Furthermore Herzog, with his eye for the bizarre, has poised his characters fascinatingly on the brink of caricature: Isabelle Adjani's heroine with her ghost-pale face and Lillian Gish eyes, the wizened and diminutive Clemens Scheitz (who starred in *Strauss*) as a city official dealing with the plague outbreak, above all Klaus Kinski's Nosferatu, with his death-mask features, pointed ears and rat-like teeth.

"Kinski will be the greatest Dracula of them all," says Herzog. "He will be remembered in the part for the next 50 years."

During the three days in mid-May when I visited Delft, Herzog was busy shooting canal-side scenes with Isabelle Adjani and Clemens Scheitz. Mlle Adjani's sleepwalking scene, along a twilight canal bank on her way to

Nosferatu's abode, was the highlight of one day's shooting. On another, Herr Scheitz was in action, processing from house to house chalking crosses on the doors of plague victims' homes.

Herzog even put the elderly character actor in a rickety boat to be punned, chalk in hand, from door to door on the canal-front continuing his macabre inscriptions. Such wryly surreal extensions of the narrative are typical of the German director's flair for extemporising from simple story ideas.

Despite the increased budget and the prestige of Hollywood backing, Herzog is doing things very much his own way on the film. He and his crew and most of his actors are staying in old Delft, where they live commune-like

in a large rented house; sharing the domestic duties as well as the professional ones.

They cook their own food, they wash their own clothes, they make their own costumes, they carpenter their own sets and props and household furniture. The atmosphere and work-style are reminiscent of a mediaeval Guild, and Herzog approves the comparison. "I have always thought that I am a craftsman rather than an artist, and that my roots go back to the Middle Ages. I see my work as a meeting point between old traditions and new ideas."

FINANCIAL TIMES
NEWS. FEATURES

Cinema critics wanted

The Jordan Times is looking for a qualified film critic to review films that are screened in Amman, both in the commercial cinemas as well as the cultural centres. We would like someone with previous experience in writing film reviews, and a proven expertise in the field of cinema and the performing arts in general. The position would probably involve writing one or two reviews per month, perhaps increasing to three or four per month with time. Interested persons who have the above qualifications and are interested in writing reviews for the Jordan Times should contact Mr. Khouri by telephone at the Jordan Times, at 67171, any time between 9:00 a.m. and 1:00 p.m. and between 5:00 - 9:00 p.m.

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FORECAST FOR SATURDAY, JUNE 24, 1978

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from the CARROLL RIGHTER INSTITUTE

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Difficult conditions from the past should be wisely avoided by you early in the day. Employ imaginative ideas that can fulfill your cherished desires and lead the way to greater success.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Know what your main goals are and go after them, in a precise and positive manner. A friend can be most helpful now.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Take steps to improve your public image before you engage in civic matters. Be more precise where money is concerned.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Put those new ideas to work and get out of a rut. Evening is best spent in amusements that give you the most pleasure.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Make sure you keep promises you have made to others and maintain goodwill. Be more understanding of mate.

LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Use new appliances that will make your work easier and more efficient. Strive for increased harmony with family members.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) A fine day to engage in favorite hobby with friends. Come to a better accord with the one you love. Express happiness.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Take part in a recreation that has been alien to you in the past and derive much enjoyment. Take needed health treatments.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) If you are more thoughtful of family members, you can have increased harmony and happiness in the days ahead.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Get busy and find more constructive ways of doing your work and get more benefits. Make your social life better.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Know what it is that business contacts expect and try to please them where feasible. Be more thoughtful of mate.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Stop worrying so much about a problem that you can do little about. Take steps to improve your social life.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Study your private aims and adopt a more up-to-date system in order to gain more easily. Take steps to improve your appearance.

World Football Cup

Losing teams express their bitterness

BUENOS AIRES, June 23 (R). — As Holland and Argentina prepared for Sunday's World Soccer Cup final, the bitterness of defeat was all too evident in statements made by managers of teams that fell at the final hurdle.

Italian manager Enzo Bearzot accused Holland of systematic violence. West Germany's Helmut Schoen said none of his team of defending champions was up to World Cup standards and Brazil's Claudio Coutinho accused Peru of perpetrating a "betrayal of football."

Brazil, Italy and West Germany have won seven of the previous ten world cups and one of them has appeared in every final except the first in 1930 when Uruguay beat Argentina 4-2.

Now, as their players pack their bags and head for home, their managers are delivering their verdicts on the dramatic events which set them out of the competition.

Mr. Bearzot did not mince his words when he spoke to reporters yesterday in a gloomy Italian camp at Don Torcuato, outside Buenos Aires.

He said Italy had to submit to unacceptable aggression in the first half of the match against Holland and charged that after halftime the Dutch embarked on a "direct manhunt... this was a direct physical assault."

Mr. Bearzot was particularly critical of Spanish referee Angel Martinez.

Mr. Bearzot said it was because he feared that Dutch aggression would increase in the second half that he had taken off the gifted Franco Causio, who had tormented the Dutch defence in the first half.

Holland, trailing 0-1 at halftime, hit two spectacular second half goals to win 2-1 and reach the final. Five players were booked, three of them Italians.

One of the Italians cautioned by referee Martinez was tough midfielder Romeo Benetti, who said: "We need someone who punishes referees. It shouldn't always be referees who punish us."

Mr. Benetti and Marco Tardelli both received their second bookings of the tournament and will automatically be barred from the third place match against Brazil.

Antonello Cuccureddu, one of the few cheerful players in the Italian camp, said morale was high and they were looking forward to playing Brazil. It would always be an achievement to beat the Brazilians, he said.

For Helmut Schoen, West Germany's failure to reach the last four marked a sad end to his 14 years as manager.

At the team's headquarters at Ascholinga, outside Cordoba, Mr. Schoen said: "None of the squad was up to World Cup standard. It would have been a miracle if we had made it to the last four. The boys were no good. They did not stick to my instructions."

Team captain Berti Vogts, hailed as a superstar when he was named Johan Cruyff in the 1974 final, was even more outspoken. "We all played rubbish. We arrogant Germans must now realise the others are better than us. The fact that we lost shows only that there is some justice in football."

Brazil complained bitterly about Peru's collapse against Argentina, who won 6-0 to overhaul Brazil in the group B standings. Mr. Coutinho said the Peruvian performance was a "betrayal to football. They lost more than a game, they lost their football prestige."

When the Peruvian team arrived here yesterday from Rosario on their way home, thousands of Argentine fans gathered outside their hotel shouting "thank you Peru."

Argentina, needing to win by four goals, beat Peru 6-0 in Rosario to clinch their final place.

Police tried unsuccessfully to disperse the fans, who also shouted obscenities against the Brazilians.

A bomb explosion in Buenos Aires added to the night's excitement. The bomb, which severely damaged the home of Treasury Secretary Juan Alemann, exploded shortly after Argentina scored their fourth goal against Peru. It was not known who was responsible.

Mr. Alemann became a controversial figure when he said recently that the World Cup was costing Argentina \$700 million and that a more modest championship should have been held.

Argentina and Holland meanwhile relaxed in preparation for the final. The International Football Federation (FIFA) announced that the two teams would meet again in Zurich next May in a match to commemorate the 75th anniversary of FIFA's founding.

1 1/2 b. in 90 countries will watch Cup final

BUENOS AIRES, June 23 (R). — More than a billion and a half people in 90 countries will watch Sunday's World Cup Final between Argentina and Holland, according to calculations announced by the state television company A78 TV.

A company spokesman said Eurovision had put the possible maximum of viewers worldwide at 1,680 million.

The World Cup has marked Argentina's debut in colour television. Local viewers have had to watch the matches in black and white as the government has put off the introduction of colour reception until the early 1980's.

But the rest of the world has been able to watch the matches, via Argentina's \$50 million studios in central Buenos Aires, in colour broadcasts which have received top marks from receiving stations abroad.

Argentina's television network has been under close guard since last December as it was considered one of the World Cup installations most vulnerable to guerrilla attack.

The streets of Argentina have been deserted during broadcasts of matches involving the national team but television has also spread World Cup fever in Latin American countries with no soccer tradition.

In Panama for instance, work came to a standstill when viewers were treated to three live soccer matches in one day for the first time ever.

The broadcasts have also been a big hit in the United States, where a major interest in soccer is just beginning to develop. American technicians have told A78 TV they are "more than satisfied" with the switching system which converts A78 TV's West German signal to the U.S. system.

Argentines who have not been able to buy tickets for Sunday's final at River Plate Stadium have the option of queuing at half a dozen cinemas in Buenos Aires which are showing live colour pictures of the match beamed from the A78 TV studio.

Seats are more expensive than those for the stadium and the atmosphere during earlier Argentine matches has been just as tense and noisy as on the terraces.

Sunday's coverage will start 15 minutes before kick-off and will reach homes around the world via a ground station outside Buenos Aires and a satellite over the Pacific Ocean.

Farahabad track opens in Tehran

TEHRAN, June 23 (R). — Horse racing got off to a promising start in Iran yesterday, thanks to imported horses, Australian jockeys, Pakistani stable lads and Hong Kong finance.

At least 8,000 people turned up at the new \$40 million Farahabad racecourse for an eight-race card, headed by a \$25,000 event, on the opening night's programme.

Officials of the Tehran Racing Club reported the usual teething troubles, including inexperienced tellers at the pay-out windows where long queues formed after every race to wait for cash to be transported from another section.

There is a minimum stake of 100 rial (1.40) at the computerised tote.

More than 100 thoroughbred geldings have been imported — mainly by syndicates — from Australia, New Zealand and Britain to add to the local Turkoman horses.

The jockeys are all Australian, the stable lads have come from Pakistan and Hong Kong businessmen have invested most of the money in the new industry.

Racing will be held each Thursday night until November, with the main event of the season, the \$150,000 Pahlavi Cup, coinciding with the official opening of the track on October 20.

Unique satellite will begin extensive world ocean study

PASADENA, California, June 23 (AP). — A unique satellite will begin circling the earth next week as it examines the world's oceans on a scale far grander than anything previously attempted, NASA scientists say.

The experimental Seasat project, which promises a wealth of information beyond the reach of earthbound observers, is exciting to scientists who study the 70 per cent of the earth that's covered by water.

"But it has also captured the interest of people who are... trying to do business on the ocean," said NASA Project Manager Walt McCandless.

"We'll be taking a look at the ocean in a way we've never done before," he told a news conference yesterday. "We'll be looking at the ocean on a global scale."

Seasat-A is to be launched Monday from Vandenberg Air Force Base, about 320 kilometres northwest of Los Angeles, He said global reports on currents, tides, waves, water temperatures and storms could prove invaluable to companies involved in oil and gas exploration or deep-sea mining.

Mr. McCandless said it also could help cargo ships choose the safest routes around the world, direct fishing fleets to the most likely source of fish and give advance warning of storms and their movements.

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FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON, (R). — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies against the dollar at the close of interbank trading on the London foreign exchange market last night. Tourist rates will differ from those quoted below.

1.8482/87	U.S. dollars
2.0760/75	West German marks
2.2270/90	Dutch guilders
1.8620/40	Swiss francs
32.60/63	Belgian francs
4.5600/30	French francs
856.65/857.00	Italian lire
207.20/60	Japanese yen
4.5900/30	Swedish crowns
5.4100/40	Norwegian crowns
5.6345/60	Danish crowns

LONDON MARKET REPORT

The market Friday closed quietly mixed with equities moving higher while government bonds eased. At 15:00 the F.T. index was up 2.6 at 455.3.

The gain among equities was largely technical after the recent decline but hopes of an end to dividend restraint contributed to the trend up dealers said.

Government bonds fell by up to 7/16 point in reaction to some selling especially among shorter maturities, dealers added.

Gold shares firmed along with Australians, and U.S. stocks were mixed. Canadians were slightly easier.

Price of gold closed in London Friday at \$185.20/oz.

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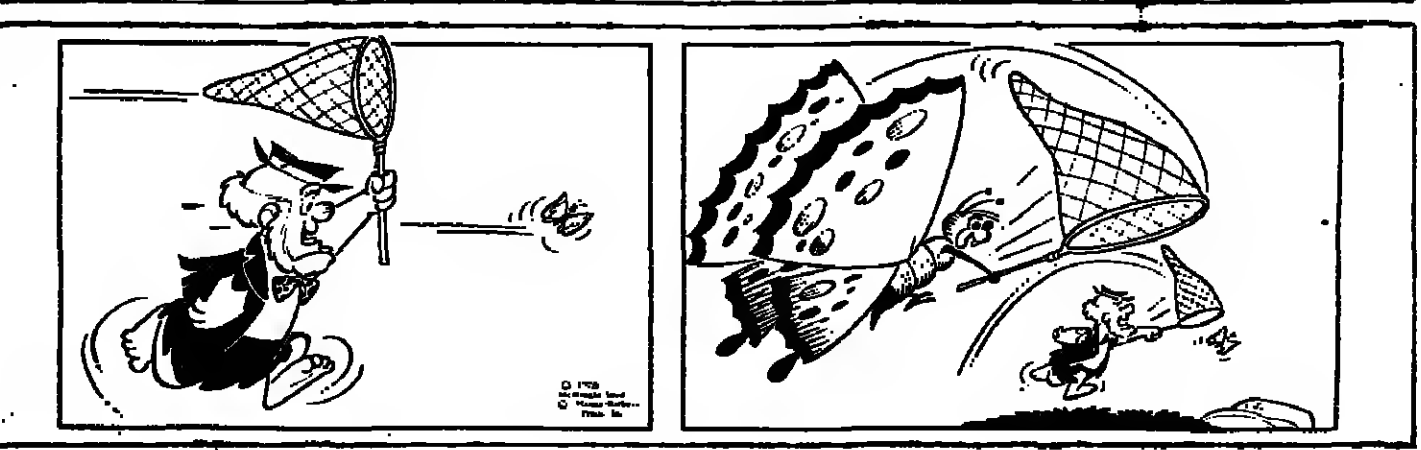
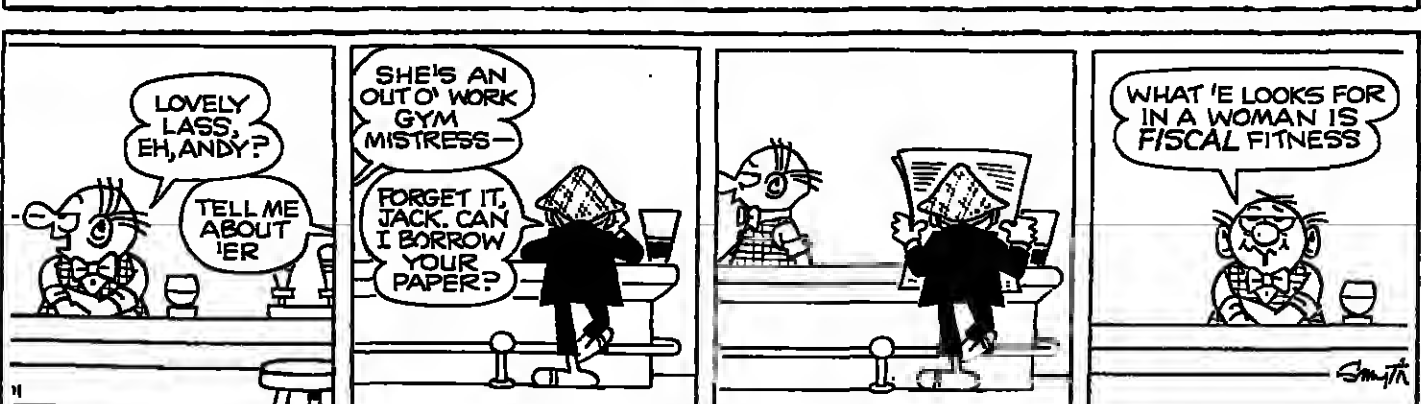
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THE BETTER HALF By Barnes



CORED BRIDGE

BY CHARLES H. GOREN
AND OMAR SHARIF
© 1978 by Chicago Tribune

Both vulnerable. South deals.

NORTH
♠ AK8
♥ J972
♦ AJ83
♣ Q6

WEST
♠ 653
♥ Q83
♦ K94
♣ K754

EAST
♠ QJ1092
♥ 105
♦ 652
♣ 983

SOUTH
♠ 74
♥ AK64
♦ Q107
♣ AJ102

The bidding:
South West North East
1 ♠ Pass 1 ♣ Pass
1 ♥ Pass 2 ♣ Pass
3 ♣ Pass 3 ♣ Pass
4 ♣ Pass 4 ♣ Pass
4 NT Pass 5 ♥ Pass
6 ♥ Pass Pass Pass

Opening lead: Six of ♣.

If you were to poll the

experts about who they think is the finest technician in North America, Sammy Kehela of Toronto would be near the top of everyone's list. Here is an example of his skill, from the recent Sunday Times Pair Championships.

North's jump to two spades was, by arrangement, a cue-bid agreeing hearts as trumps. In view of that, North might have backed-pedaled later in the auction, but he continued to cue-bid. As a result, Kehela found himself in a tenuous heart slam.

West led a spade, taken in dummy by the king. Kehela first tried to drop the queo of trumps by cashing the ace and the king. This failed, but the 3-2 trump division gave declarer some solace. The second step was to prepare for an end play by trying to strip the hand that held the master trump of exit cards.

To that end, declarer cashed the ace of spades and ruffed a spade in his hand.

The ten of diamonds was covered by the king and won by the ace. The queen and jack of diamonds cleared that suit from the defenders' hands, and the scene was set. Declarer exited with a trump, and West was in with the queen—a prospect he did not relish.

West was down to nothing but clubs, and he had to lead away from the king into declarer's combined tenace.

As a result, declarer lost only one trump trick and the slam rolled home.

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USSR defends its African role, attacks Western interference

MOSCOW, June 23 (AP). — The Soviet Union defended its role in Africa last night as a boost to detente and demand "an immediate end" to what it said was Western interference on the continent.

The 3,600 word Soviet government statement, carried in full by the official news agency Tass, appeared to be a reiteration of Soviet-African policy and a sharp renewal of allegations against the West.

"All responsibility for the possible consequences of whipping up of tension in the African continent rests with the aggressive circles of the West," the statement declared.

As for its own intentions, the Soviet government said:

"The Soviet Union does not seek any advantages for itself, does not hunt for concessions, does not press for political domination, does not solicit military bases."

The statement emphatically denied that the Soviet Union or the Cubans played any role in the rebel invasion of Zaire.

"The obvious mendacity of this version (regarding Zaire) has already been repeatedly exposed both in Soviet official statements and in the statements made by the governments of other countries."

"Also totally groundless are the contentions that the aid of the USSR and Cuba to some African countries, first of all to Angola and Ethiopia, to the national-liberation movements in the south of Africa, creates a threat to peace and stability in the continent and undermines the process of relaxation of international tensions."

"Detente would only gain if the remaining seats of racism and colonialism would be quickly liquidated in the world."

The Soviet statement accused the NATO countries "headed by the United States" of supporting colonialism and racist regimes in Africa and of trying to suppress the national-liberation movements.

"Evident, therefore, is a new phase in the development of the policy of the powers for which the colonialist and racist order is like a balm for the soul," the statement said.

"The interests of peace and development of Africa demand the immediate ending of imperialist interference in the

affairs of African countries, respect of their right to independent and free existence, to the maintenance of equal relations with all states in accordance with the principles and aims of the United Nations charter."

The Soviet government also lashed out at NATO support for the creation of a pan-African force which, the statement said, could have "dangerous consequences for all African countries."

France and Britain, which have sold military equipment to Peking in the past, have emerged as the most eager and best qualified by far for major weapons sales and export of military production licenses, European experts say.

Wu Shiu-chuan, deputy chief of staff, reportedly told a group of Japanese military specialists last month that China already has agreed to buy "a certain number" of French anti-tank missiles.

The Chinese also are negotiating for possible purchase of French Milan missiles, a short-range tactical weapon, as well as for Mirage fighter-bombers and AMX-30 tanks, the experts report.

French officials routinely refuse to discuss prospective arms sales, even with friendly diplomats.

But Olivier Stirm, France's secretary of state for foreign affairs, told the Western European union this week that Paris wants to do business with China "in all fields."

The Chinese are inspecting military and other high-techno-

Soviet Union, Turkey sign two agreements

MOSCOW, June 23 (AP). — The Soviet Union and Turkey today signed a vaguely worded document on principles of good neighbourly relations and friendly cooperation and a separate accord on Turkish oil exploration in the Black Sea, Turkish officials said.

Turkish Prime Minister Bulent Ecevit, nearing the end of an official visit, signed the first accord with Soviet Prime Minister Alexei N. Kosygin. Foreign Ministers Gunduz Okcan and Andrei A. Gromyko signed the oil pact.

The political document was kept general in line with Mr. Ecevit's obligation to conservatives at home not to fundamentally alter the NATO ally's relations with Moscow. It reaffirms the 1975 Helsinki accords on European security, signed by Turkey, the Soviet Union and 33 other countries.

Turkish sources said the accord is similar to cooperation agreements signed in the past year by the Soviets with West Germany and France.

But it fell well short of the non-aggression pact which the Soviet side first proposed to Turkey, sources said. The two countries have a 370-mile border and have fought more than a dozen wars.

In his talks with Soviet officials, Mr. Ecevit reaffirmed his government's commitment to the relaxation of tensions between the two countries that first developed in the early 1960's.

But he said Turkey intended to remain a member of NATO.

Solar energy conference closes in Cairo with recommendations for increased use of sun power

CAIRO, June 23 (AP). — A solar energy conference which ended a week-long series of meetings here yesterday recommended increased use of sun power in developing countries.

The conference, which brought together more than 400 scientists from 50 nations, also recommended more cooperation between have and have-not countries in development and production of solar power equipment.

In a paper delivered at the conference, Dr. Tarek M. Khalil of the University of Miami (Florida) urged developing countries to prepare a strategy for future use of solar energy.

"It is suggested that an energy management plan be devised by all developing countries so that whenever the economics of solar energy become feasible in one area, immediate implementation can take place," he said.

Other papers dealt with a wide-range of topics, from solar-powered greenhouses for desert agriculture to a space station that would collect the sun's rays and beam them back to Earth.

Many of the scientists and engineers stressed that supplies of fossil fuels such as oil, gas, coal and even uranium were rapidly running out.

The scientists said that if one per cent of the earth's surface was covered with solar collectors the amount of energy produced "would support the world equilibrium population of 11 billion people with a quality of life ten times better than today's."

Dr. Ibrahim Sakr said that Egypt could save 16 million tons of the 120 million tons of fossil fuel it consumes a year by heating water in homes with solar power.

At the end of the conference, the Egyptian co-chairman announced that his country would begin producing solar water-heating units within six months at a rate of 12,000 per year.

Dr. A. A. M. Sayigh of the University of Riyadh, Saudi Arabia, said that the Middle East agricultural problem is intense solar radiation in the summer.

"In general terms the major problem of the area is lack of water combined with excess heat. It is not one of fertility of the soil," he said.

Unprotected plants are scorched by the sun's heat in the daytime and suffer shock from desert cold at night, he said.

Solar collectors can evenly distribute the energy via a water radiator system.

"The use of any form of (solar) greenhouse leads to an eightfold increase in agricultural output," said Dr. Sayigh, who has experimented with the greenhouses in Saudi Arabia's desert.

One of the chief drawbacks to solar power is its limited availability. But Dr. Homer Hiser of the University of Miami said in a paper that this problem could be overcome by using solar space stations beaming energy to earth via a microwave antenna.

"The microwave beam would permit all-weather transmission so that full use could be made of nearly 24 hours of available solar energy," he said.

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Chinese are arms-shopping in Western Europe

PARIS, (AP). — Chinese envoys in gray Mao suits are seen moving around Western Europe more and more these days on "shopping expeditions" for the newest missiles, jets and tanks to modernize their outdated army.

To date, as far as is known, no contracts have been signed.

The arms-seeking tours coincide with a pledge by the new Chinese leaders to bring China up to the level of other major industrial powers by the year 2000. The expeditions also reflect China's hostility and suspicion of its neighbour, the Soviet Union.

The Chinese posture on Western arms reverses a position from the cultural revolution under Mao Tse-tung which held that Western arms shouldn't be imported by China, rather should be produced at home.

The United States is resolved not to sell weapons to China, in part for fear of antagonizing the Soviet Union. But Washington appears to have concluded that arms sales by its European allies make good sense to improve relations with Peking.

The Chinese are inspecting military and other high-techno-

logy goods in a number of Europe's weapon-producing nations, including France, Britain, Sweden, Switzerland, Belgium and West Germany.

France and Britain, which have sold military equipment to Peking in the past, have emerged as the most eager and best qualified by far for major weapons sales and export of military production licenses, European experts say.

Wu Shiu-chuan, deputy chief of staff, reportedly told a group of Japanese military specialists last month that China already has agreed to buy "a certain number" of French anti-tank missiles.

The Chinese also are negotiating for possible purchase of French Milan missiles, a short-range tactical weapon, as well as for Mirage fighter-bombers and AMX-30 tanks, the experts report.

French officials routinely refuse to discuss prospective arms sales, even with friendly diplomats.

But Olivier Stirm, France's secretary of state for foreign affairs, told the Western European union this week that Paris wants to do business with China "in all fields."

The missile sales were believed included in discussions in Paris earlier this month with a Chinese military team headed by Gen. Chang Ai-ping, deputy chief of the army's general staff and president of the Chinese Scientific and Technical Commission for National Defence.

Britain hopes to win a large contract from China for Harrier jump-jets, short takeoff and landing planes particularly suited to the undeveloped territory along China's border with the Soviet Union.

Reports in London say preliminary talks are under way for purchase of 30 to 40 Harriers and the right to manufacture the planes later in China's own factories. In addition, informed British officials say discussions are reaching an advanced stage on possible sale of British diesel engines for Chinese warships.

Britain in 1975 sold China \$200 million worth of Rolls-Royce Spey jet engines. The Chinese are using them to modernize their own Russian-designed Mig jets.

A Chinese military mission this month visited a British army exhibition of anti-tank, anti-aircraft and other weap-

ons. Another Chinese arms shopping team is scheduled at Britain's annual military aviation show at Farnborough in September.

Any sales to China have to be approved by COCOM, an international coordinating committee that includes members of the Atlantic alliance and Japan.

"We have gleaned indications from Washington that the Americans would be glad to see European allies go ahead with arms sales to China," said a British proponent of such sales.

The Carter administration is itself reviewing U.S. policy on sales to China of military-related equipment such as large computers and communications gear. A recent report from Washington said the United States has agreed to sell China airborne equipment for geological exploration that it refuses to sell the Soviet Union because of potential military applications.

Any Chinese purchases require prolonged negotiations, experts say, because of lingering uncertainty among some factions of the Peking leadership about the wisdom of buying Western arms.

Carter drums up support for energy bill

WASHINGTON, June 23 (R). — President Carter today flew to Texas, a major oil-producing state, for weekend speeches designed to spur support for his stalled energy programme.

White House aides are concerned that the United States' failure to develop a plan for easing reliance on foreign oil imports has begun to damage its credibility as leader of the Western world.

Administration officials said they hoped renewed emphasis on getting Congress to pass Mr. Carter's energy legislation would shore up the U.S. position at the seven-nation western economic summit in Bonn on July 17.

One White House spokesman said that continued congressional inaction on the president's energy proposals could affect his personal leadership at the summit meeting.

The president also planned in his Texas appearances to press his appeals for wage and price restraints as part of the battle to contain double-digit inflation.

The president warned again yesterday that he may impose taxes on oil imports unless Congress authorises an equalisation tax which would bring the price of domestic oil up to the world market level.

Sunday's races at the Royal Racing Club - Marikha

FIRST RACE — 4:00 p.m.

For local country horses, beginners

Distance 1,000 metres

Owner	Horse	Trainer	Jockey/Weight
1. Tawfik Ksious	WARD	M. Hanna	Josef 57
2. Khalil F. Borkan	HOMAN	Owner	Salamih 57
3. Mamdouh Al Hadid	BHAR	Owner	Radwan 55.5
4. Mishiel Al Falez	LARA	M. Hanna	Mostafa 55.5
5. Salamih Haddad	SAIDIH	Owner	Saad 55.5
6. Ali Al Yamani	BAYAN ALI	Owner	Fawwaz 54
7. Khalid Al Adwan	M. ARWA	Owner	Talab 52.5
8. H.H. Sherif Naser Ibn Jamil	LOUBAH	M. Hanna	Ibrahim 51.5
9. A. Al Latif Al Hadid	H. AL SALAM	Owner	Mousa 48.5
10. Nidal B. Al Hadid	BINT AL DEEB	Owner	Ahmad 45.5

SECOND RACE — 4:30 p.m.

For local country horses, beginners

Distance 1,000 metres

1. H.H. Sherif Naser Ibn Jamil	KHARAZIH	M. Hanna	Ibrahim 55.5
2. Mishiel D. Al Falez	DUNIA	M. Hanna	Mostafa 55.5
3. Mousa Faris	MONA	Owner	Mostafa 55.5
4. Nidal B. Al Hadid	AL ALIA	Owner	Ahmad 55.5
5. Bashir Al Sabil	SA'ADIEH	Owned	Mousa 55.5
6. Khalid Al Adwan	NADWAN	Owner	Talab 53
7. Ismael Saleem	MARJANIH	Owner	Radwan 52.5
8. Mohammad Mousa	AL SHALLALIH	Owner	Fawwaz 51.5
9. Sijal S. Al Majali	GHAZIK	Ali	Saad 50
10. Bahjat Fanous	SHAHIRYAR	M. Hanna	Josef 45.5

THIRD RACE — 5:00 p.m.

For beginner horses

Distance 1,000 metres

1. H.H. Sherif Naser Ibn Jamil	AL SHWAMIH	M. Hanna	Ibrahim 55.5
2. H.H. Sherif Naser Ibn Jamil	RAMMAH	M. Hanna	Mostafa 55.5
3. Mousa Faris	GHAZALIH	M. Hanna	Josef 55.5
4. Saif H. Al Majali	BINT AL REEH	Ali	55.5
5. Saif H. Al Majali	RODA	Ali	Fawwaz 45.5
6. Ali A. Sokout	MABROKAH	Owner	Mousa 55.5
7. Tawfik Ksious	ZAHD	Owner	53
8. Arif Al Falez	SUMAYAH	Owner	52.5
9. Ghalib Haddadin	LAHAB	Owner	Salamih 50
10. Mazin S. Lallas	K. AL NASIB	M. Hanna	Radwan 50

FOURTH RACE — 5:30 p.m.

For local country horses, third class

Distance 1,400 metres

1. Nidal B. Al Hadid	A. AL RAHMAN	Kamal	Salah 59.5
2. Mamdouh Al Hadid	GHRANDAL	Owner	Radwan 57
3. Ghalib Haddadin	JARIH	Owner	Salamih 57
4. Ibrahim Al Ja'fary	MA SAMER	Owner	Saad 57
5. Rashid Oudeh	YA HARKA	Jazz'a	Fawwaz 55.5
6. Oclah Al Tallak	J. MARKA	Owner	Thamin 55.5
7. A. Al Latif Al Hadid	J. AL KHAIL	Owner	Mousa 53.5
8. Hani Al Adwan	MANSORAH	Owner	Ibrahim 53.5
9. A. Al Fattah Malhas	UM AL KALAIED	Ali	50.5
10. Victor Khoury	NADIR	Owner	50

FIFTH RACE — 6:00 p.m.

For third class horses

Distance 1,600 metres

1. Dr. Marwan Kamal	SHAHIM	M. Hanna	Salah 59
2. Rashid Oudeh	KAHRAMAN	Jazz'a	Salamih 57
3. Mousa Salamih	AMIR AL ZAMAN	Owner	Mousa 57
4. Sami Y. Madros	HOLWAN	Owner	Saad 55
5. Ziad S. Madros	ASHHAL	Owner	53
6. Marwan S. Lallas	TAJ AL AROUS	M. Hanna	Radwan 53
7. H.H. Sherif Naser Ibn Jamil	WAHIDIH	M. Hanna	Ibrahim 50.5

SIXTH RACE — 6:30 p.m.

For second class horses

Distance 1,000 metres

1. Nael R. Khashman	RABIHAH	M. Hanna	52.5
2. Sami Y. Madros	FAWWAR	Owner	Saad 52
3. Nadim S. Al Dajani	RAAD	Salih	Fawwaz 52
4. Faisal Al Falez	SHIHAN	Owner	Mousa 50
5. Samir E. Farkouh	NAHLAWI	M. Hanna	50
6. Mazin S. Lallas	SINNAR	M. Hanna	Radwan 48

JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME

by Henn Arnold and Bob Lee

Unscramble these four Jumbles. One letter to each square. To form four ordinary words.

YASOP
RATAL
ONABBO
INVELC

We'll be landing soon, m'lord

THE BRITISH NOBLEMAN WAS ALMOST IN NEW YORK.

Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Print answer here: "O-O-O-O-O-O-O-O-O-O" (Answers tomorrow)

Yesterday's Jumbles: HABIT LILAC THRESH ALIGHT
 Answer: The favorite pitch of the bartender turned ballplayer—HIS "HIGH BALL"

THE Daily Crossword by Dorothea E. Shipp

ACROSS

1 "the Horrible" of comics
 6 Russian sea
 10 Alan of films
 14 Obsolete indicator
 16 Asian river
 17 Movie star's school?
 20 Weapons
 21 State positively
 22 Fabray, to her friends
 23 Chin or Malt suffix

DOWN

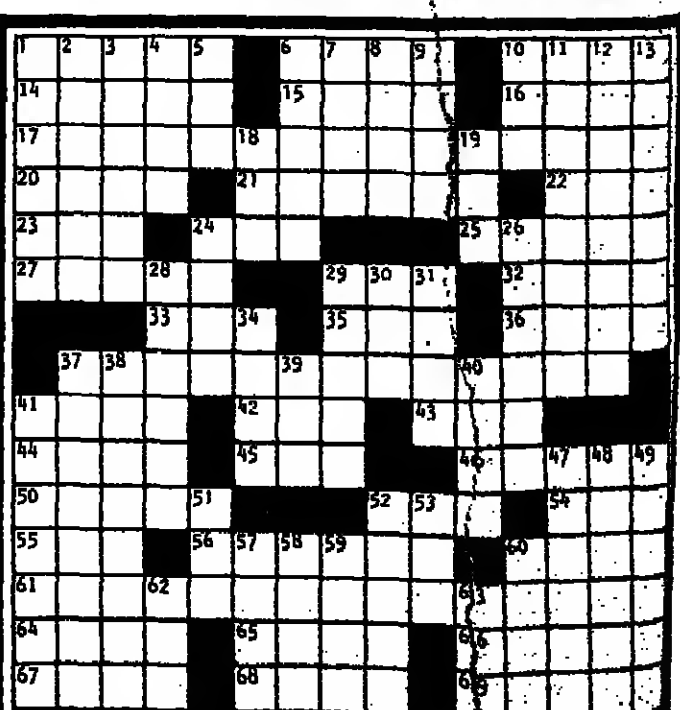
24 Explosive
 25 Movie for 10 A
 27 Hat
 29 Take it on the —
 32 Rudiments
 33 Train system
 35 Before
 36 Aits: Fr.
 37 Songstress' watery drinks?
 41 Gave a hint to
 42 Republican letters
 43 Have being
 44 Harp: It

ACROSS

45 Fornicary occupant
 46 Spontaneous
 50 Swimming places
 52 A Dylan
 54 Soul: Fr.
 55 Spring mo.
 56 White clay
 60 Ms. Bombbeck
 61 Movie star's English poem?
 64 Ancient
 65 European freedman
 66 European river
 68 Habituate
 69 Termini
 68 Meeting: abbr.
 69 Wearing a cloak

DOWN

11 Submissive
 12 Imprisonment
 13 Aridity
 18 Duryea or
 19 Privileges: abbr.
 24 Phoenician port
 26 Accosted
 28 Suite or veil
 29 Sprang
 30 Branch
 31 Tableland
 34 Heroic tale
 37 Continental
 38 Banish
 39 Amecre or Quixote
 40 Badouin
 41 Skilled
 47 Thrash
 48 Wall up
 49 Shone
 51 Firmament
 52 Vehicles
 53 Unit
 57 Lime and lemon
 58 Heraldic border
 59 Test places
 60 Best of the movies
 62 Rds.
 63 Thus



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